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UiPath

UiABAAv1

Automation Business Analyst

Associate

QUESTION: 1

What is the role of the Business Analyst during the **Business Case and Technical Validation** phase of the Implementation Methodology?

- A. Drafts the Process Definition Document
- B. Validates the business case for the selected use cases for automation and the cost benefits
- C. Identifies the key complexities, technical dependencies and the access needed
- D. Creates the UAT plan together with the client team

Answer(s): B

Explanation:

During the Business Case and Technical Validation phase, the Business Analyst validates the business case for the selected use cases and ensures the cost-benefit analysis supports automation. This step is essential for justifying investment and confirming feasibility before proceeding.

QUESTION: 2

What is the final step the business analyst must take to complete the Process Design Document?

- A. Get sign-off from the process owner.
- B. Create the test case scenarios.
- C. Validate the document with both the business owner and the development team.
- D. Describe the As Is and the To Be.

Answer(s): A

Explanation:

The final step in completing the Process Design Document (PDD) is obtaining sign-off from the process owner.

This formal approval ensures the documented process is accurate, complete, and ready for automation development.

QUESTION: 3

In UiPath Automation Hub, how is the "Ease of Implementation" score calculated?

- A. By looking at systems involved in the process and their compatibility with RPA
- B. By assessing the duration of the process cycle
- C. By the number of process steps
- D. By assessing the complexity and resource requirements of implementing the automation

Answer(s): D

Explanation:

In UiPath Automation Hub, the "Ease of Implementation" score is determined by evaluating factors such as the complexity of the process, the number of applications involved, the availability of documentation, and the level of process standardization. These elements collectively influence the

effort and resources required to implement the automation, thereby affecting the ease of implementation score.

Reference:

<https://docs.uipath.com/automation-hub/automation-cloud/latest/user-guide/information-about-the-detailed-assessment-algorithm>

QUESTION: 4

Which of the following best describes how automation software robots operate?

- A. They require constant human supervision.
- B. They physically interact with machines to perform tasks.
- C. They mimic human actions to interact with digital systems and applications.
- D. They write code autonomously.

Answer(s): C

Explanation:

Automation software robots operate by mimicking human actions to interact with digital systems and applications. They perform tasks such as data entry, clicking, and reading from screens, enabling the automation of repetitive business processes.

QUESTION: 5

Which stage in the automation implementation strategy involves selecting critical quick wins and important low-hanging fruits for initial focus?

- A. Third implementation wave
- B. Pilot phase
- C. Final wave
- D. Second implementation wave

Answer(s): B

Explanation:

The pilot phase involves selecting critical quick wins and important low-hanging fruits. This stage focuses on demonstrating value quickly with minimal complexity, helping to build confidence in automation and validate the approach before broader rollout.

QUESTION: 6

Which approach best balances stakeholder input and automation potential in prioritizing processes?

- A. Combining the assessment with strategic stakeholder feedback.
- B. Automation potential is not relevant in the prioritization of processes, only stakeholder input should be considered.
- C. Prioritization should be done by relying exclusively on automation potential calculations.
- D. Ignoring stakeholder input to ensure objective decisions.